SPL S1L90A_3 A01

SMT Laser

1 Channel SMT Laser in QFN package













Applications

- 3D Sensing
- CCTV Surveillance
- Industrial Automation (Machine Controls, Light Barriers, Vision Controls)
- LIDAR, Pre-Crash, ACC
- Measurement Levelling

Features

- Qualifications: The product qualification test plan is based on the guidelines of AEC-Q102, failure mechanism based Stress Test Qualification for Discrete Optoelectronic Semiconductors in Automotive applications.
- Laser wavelength 905 nm
- 1 channel pulsed laser module
- Suited for short laser pulses from 1 to 100 ns
- SMT device

Ordering Information

Type	Peak output power	Ordering Code
	typ.	
	P_{opt}	
SPL S1L90A_3 A01	120 W	Q65112A6166



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Maximum Ratings			
Parameter	Symbol		Values
Operating temperature	T _{op}	min. max.	-40 °C 105 °C
Storage temperature	T_{stg}	min. max.	-40 °C 125 °C
Junction temperature	T _j	max.	125 °C
Output power	P_{opt}	max.	0.24 W
Forward current dc = 0.2 %	I _F	max.	40 A
Pulse width (FWHM)	t _P	max.	100 ns
Duty cycle	dc	max.	0.2 %
Reverse voltage 1)	V_{R}	max.	45 V



Characteristics

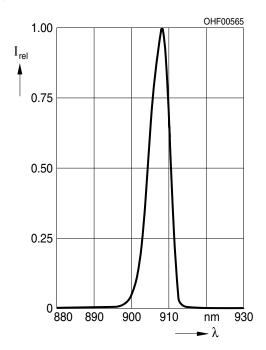
 $I_{_{\rm F}}$ = 40 A; $t_{_{\rm D}}$ = 100 ns; D = 0.01 %; $T_{_{
m S}}$ = 25 °C

Parameter	Symbol		Values	
Number of channels	N	typ.	1	
Operating voltage	V_{op}	typ.	11 V	
Peak wavelength	λ_{peak}	typ.	908 nm	
Centroid wavelength ²⁾	$\lambda_{ m centroid}$	min. typ. max.	895 nm 905 nm 915 nm	
Spectral bandwidth (FWHM)	Δλ	min. typ. max.	3 nm 7 nm 12 nm	
Peak output power 3)	P_{opt}	min. typ. max.	105 W 125 W 145 W	
Beam divergence (FWHM) parallel to pn-junction	$\Theta_{_{\parallel}}$	min. typ. max.	3 ° 10 ° 13 °	
Beam divergence (FWHM) perpendicular to pn-junction	Θ ₁	min. typ. max.	20 ° 25 ° 30 °	
Beam divergence (1/e²) parallel to pn-junction	$\Theta_{_{\parallel}}$	min. typ. max.	10 ° 13 ° 16 °	
Beam divergence (1/e²) perpendicular to pn-junction	Θ ₁	min. typ. max.	35 ° 40 ° 50 °	
Threshold current	l _{th}	typ.	0.6 A	
Laser aperture (FWHM) parallel to pn-junction	W _{II}	typ.	220 µm	
Laser aperture (FWHM) perpendicular to pn-junction	W⊥	typ.	10 µm	
Thermal resistance junction solder point real 4)	$R_{ ext{thJS real}}$	typ. max.	31 K / W 36 K / W	



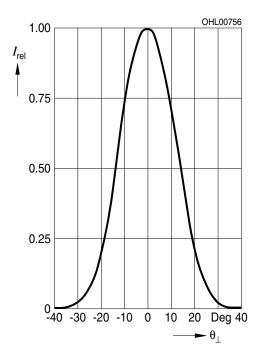
Relative Spectral Emission 5), 6)

$$I_{\rm e,rel}$$
 = f (Λ); $I_{\rm F}$ = 40A; $P_{\rm opt}$ = 125W; $t_{\rm p}$ = 100ns; D = 0.01%



Far-Field Distribution Perpendicular to pn-Junction 5), 6)

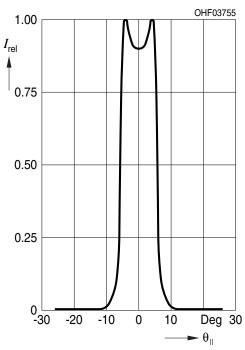
$$I_{rel}$$
 = f (Θ_{\perp}); P_{opt} = 125W; t_p = 100ns; D = 0.01%





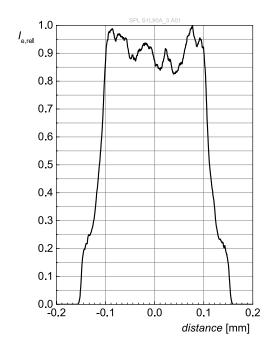
Far-Field Distribution Parallel to pn-Junction 5), 6)

 $I_{rel} = f(\Theta II); P_{opt} = 125W; t_p = 100ns; D = 0.01\%$



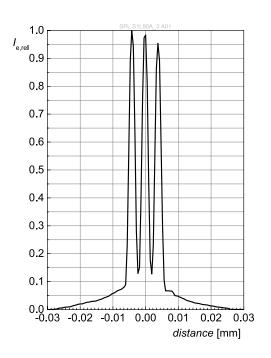
Near-Field Distribution Parallel to pn-Junction 5), 6)

 I_{rel} = f (Θ II); P_{opt} = 125W; t_p = 100ns; D = 0.01%



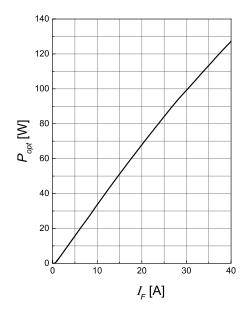
Near-Field Distribution Perpendicular to pn-Junction 5), 6)

 I_{rel} = f (Θ $_{\perp}$); P_{opt} = 125W; t_{p} = 100ns; D = 0.01%



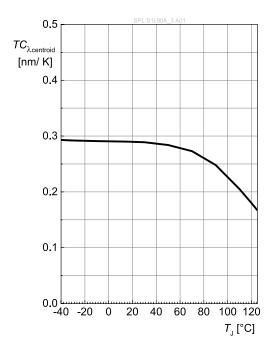
Optical Output Power 5), 6)

$$P_{opt} = f(I_F)$$



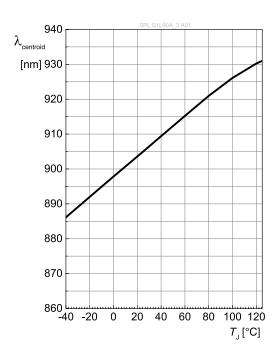
Centroid Wavelength 5)

$$\Lambda_{centroid}$$
 = f (T_J); I_F = 40A; t_p = 100ns; D = 0.01%



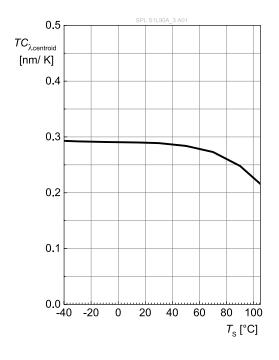
Centroid Wavelength 5)

$$\rm \Lambda_{centroid}^{} = f (T_{_J}^{}); \, I_{_F}^{} = 40A; \, t_{_D}^{} = 100ns; \, D = 0.01\%$$



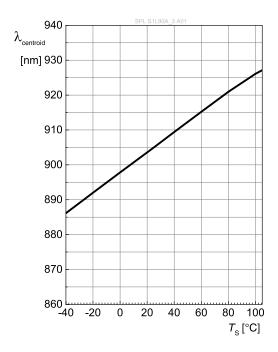
Centroid Wavelength 5)

$$\lambda_{\rm centroid}$$
 = f(T_S); I_F = 40A; t_p = 100ns; D = 0.01%



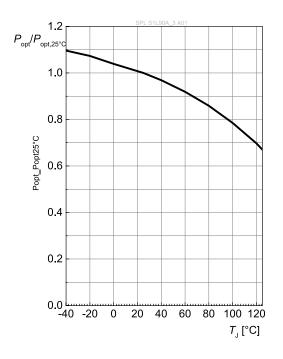
Centroid Wavelength 5)

$$\lambda_{centroid}$$
 = f(T_S); I_F = 40A; t_p = 100ns; D = 0.01%



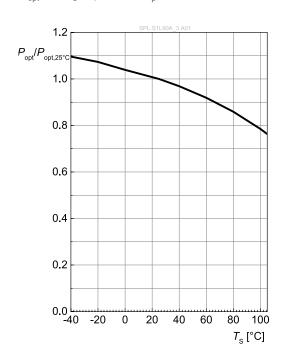
Peak Output Power

 $P_{opt} = f(T_J); I_F = 40A; t_o = 100ns; D = 0.01\%$

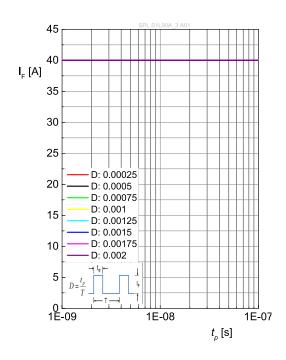


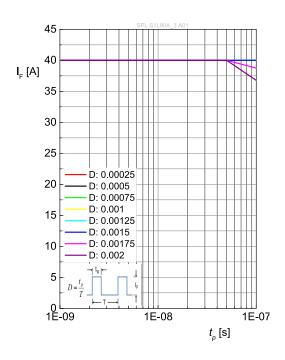
Peak Output Power

 $P_{opt} = f(T_s); I_F = 40A; t_o = 100ns; D = 0.01\%$



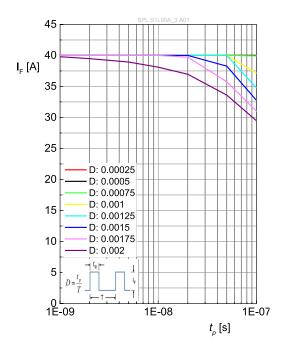
Permissible Pulse Handling Capability Permissible Pulse Handling Capability





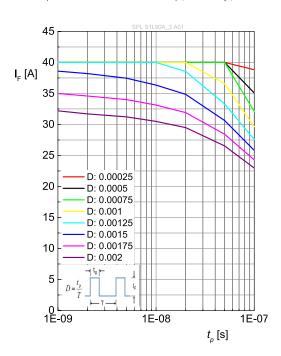
Permissible Pulse Handling Capability

$$I_{_{\rm F}}$$
 = f ($t_{_{\rm p}}$); D = parameter; $P_{_{{\rm opt,\,typ}}}$; $R_{_{{\rm thjs,\,typ}}}$; $T_{_{\rm S}}$ = 105°C

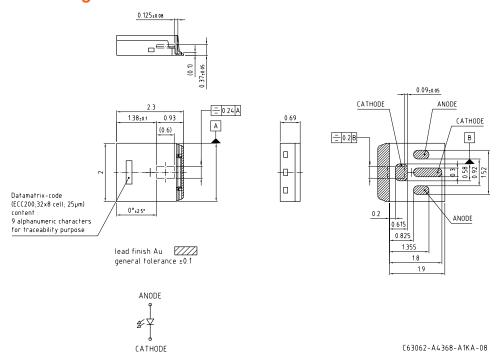


Permissible Pulse Handling Capability

$$I_{_{\rm F}}$$
 = f ($t_{_{
m p}}$); D = parameter; $P_{_{
m opt,\;min}}$; $R_{_{
m thjs,\;max}}$; $T_{_{
m S}}$ = 105°C



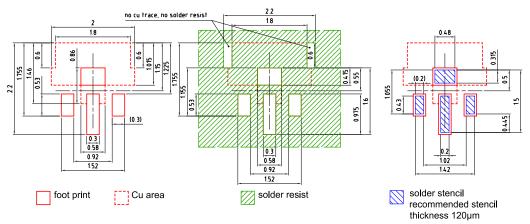
Dimensional Drawing 7)



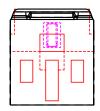
Further Information:

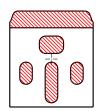
Approximate Weight: 8.0 mg

Recommended Solder Pad 7)



Component Location on Pad



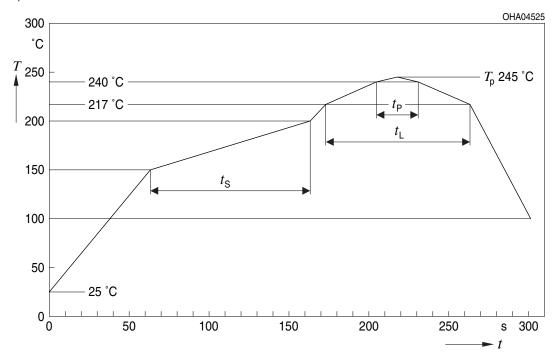


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Reflow Soldering Profile

Product complies to MSL Level 3 acc. to JEDEC J-STD-020E



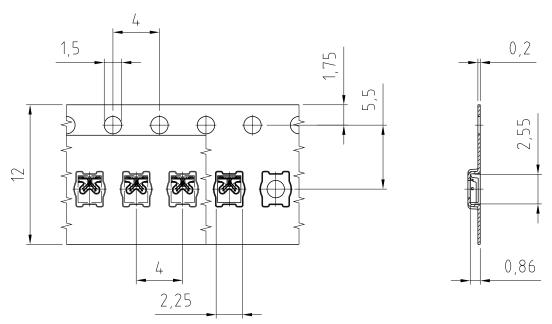
Profile Feature	Symbol	Pb-Free (SnAgCu) Assembly			Unit
		Minimum	Recommendation	Maximum	
Ramp-up rate to preheat*)	'		2	3	K/s
25 °C to 150 °C					
Time t _s	t _s	60	100	120	S
T_{Smin} to T_{Smax}					
Ramp-up rate to peak*)			2	3	K/s
T_{Smax} to T_{P}					
Liquidus temperature	T_{L}		217		°C
Time above liquidus temperature	$t_{\scriptscriptstyle L}$		80	100	S
Peak temperature	T_{P}		245	260	°C
Time within 5 °C of the specified peak	t _P	10	20	30	S
temperature T _P - 5 K					
Ramp-down rate*			3	6	K/s
T _P to 100 °C					
Time				480	S
25 °C to T _P					

All temperatures refer to the center of the package, measured on the top of the component



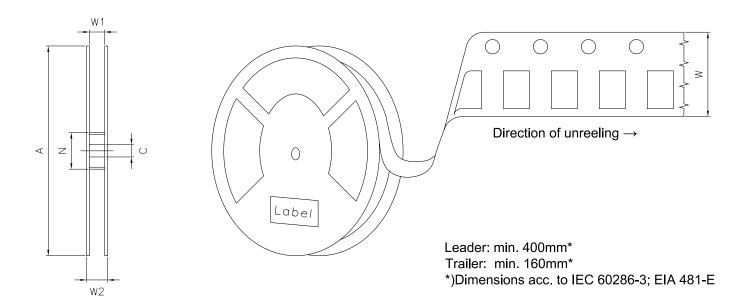
^{*} slope calculation DT/Dt: Dt max. 5 s; fulfillment for the whole T-range

Taping 7)



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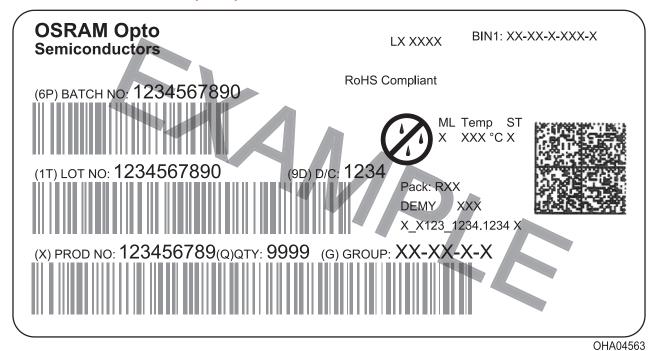
Tape and Reel 8)



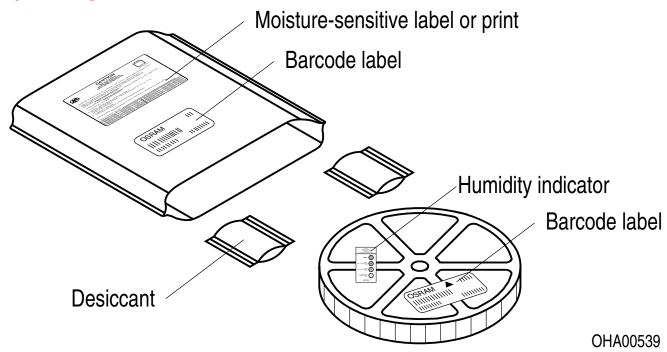
Reel Dimensions

Α	W	N_{\min}	W ₁	$W_{2 \text{max}}$	Pieces per PU
180 mm	12 + 0.3 / - 0.1 mm	60 mm	12.4 + 2 mm	18.4 mm	500

Barcode-Product-Label (BPL)



Dry Packing Process and Materials 7)



Moisture-sensitive product is packed in a dry bag containing desiccant and a humidity card according JEDEC-STD-033.



Notes

Depending on the mode of operation, these devices emit highly concentrated visible and non visible light which can be hazardous to the human eye. Products which incorporate these devices have to follow the safety precautions given in IEC 60825-1.

Subcomponents of this device contain, in addition to other substances, metal filled materials including silver. Metal filled materials can be affected by environments that contain traces of aggressive substances. Therefore, we recommend that customers minimize device exposure to aggressive substances during storage, production, and use. Devices that showed visible discoloration when tested using the described tests above did show no performance deviations within failure limits during the stated test duration. Respective failure limits are described in the IEC60810.

Tape and Reel:

Packing unit can vary 2 % from the stated value.

For further application related information please visit www.osram-os.com/appnotes



Disclaimer

Attention please!

The information describes the type of component and shall not be considered as assured characteristics. Terms of delivery and rights to change design reserved. Due to technical requirements components may contain dangerous substances.

For information on the types in question please contact our Sales Organization.

If printed or downloaded, please find the latest version on the OSRAM OS website.

Packing

Please use the recycling operators known to you. We can also help you – get in touch with your nearest sales office. By agreement we will take packing material back, if it is sorted. You must bear the costs of transport. For packing material that is returned to us unsorted or which we are not obliged to accept, we shall have to invoice you for any costs incurred.

Product and functional safety devices/applications or medical devices/applications

OSRAM OS components are not developed, constructed or tested for the application as safety relevant component or for the application in medical devices.

OSRAM OS products are not qualified at module and system level for such application.

In case buyer – or customer supplied by buyer – considers using OSRAM OS components in product safety devices/applications or medical devices/applications, buyer and/or customer has to inform the local sales partner of OSRAM OS immediately and OSRAM OS and buyer and /or customer will analyze and coordinate the customer-specific request between OSRAM OS and buyer and/or customer.



Glossary

- Reverse Operation: This product is intended to be operated applying a forward current within the specified range. Applying any continuous reverse bias or forward bias below the voltage range of light emission shall be avoided because it may cause migration which can change the electro-optical characteristics or damage the LED.
- Wavelength: The wavelengths are measured with a tolerance of ±1 nm.
- Brightness: The brightness values are measured with a tolerance of $\pm 11\%$.
- Thermal resistance: junction soldering point, of the device only, mounted on an ideal heatsink (e.g. metal block)
- Typical Values: Due to the special conditions of the manufacturing processes of semiconductor devices, the typical data or calculated correlations of technical parameters can only reflect statistical figures. These do not necessarily correspond to the actual parameters of each single product, which could differ from the typical data and calculated correlations or the typical characteristic line. If requested, e.g. because of technical improvements, these typ. data will be changed without any further notice.
- ⁶⁾ **Testing temperature:** TA = 25°C (unless otherwise specified)
- Tolerance of Measure: Unless otherwise noted in drawing, tolerances are specified with ±0.1 and dimensions are specified in mm.
- ⁸⁾ **Tape and Reel:** All dimensions and tolerances are specified acc. IEC 60286-3 and specified in mm.



SPL S1L90A_3 A01

Revision History			
Version	Date	Change	
1.0	2020-11-17	Features	
1.1	2022-02-08	Maximum Ratings	



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